Item No. <u>9b\_supp</u>

Meeting Date: January 8, 2019

### **Bus Procurement Projects**

Rental Car Facility Bus Purchase Employee Parking Bus Purchase

Peter Lindsay and Leslie Stanton

January 8, 2019

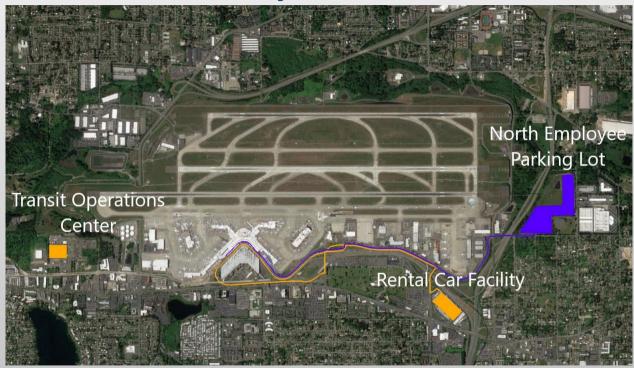
Port

of Seattle

# **Briefing Overview**

- Project description
  - Current bus operations
  - Future needs
- Goals and objectives
- Alternatives and schedule
- Results
- Recommendation

## **Bus Operations**



Orange route serves rental car passengers, blue route serves tenant employees

## **Project Description**

- Rental Car Facility (RCF), C800810
  - Replace 5 expiring buses and add 1 spare bus
  - Cost recovered through customer facility charge



- Employee Parking (EP), C800956
  - Replace 11 expiring buses and add 7 buses
  - Cost recovered through employee parking rate



# Goals and Objectives

#### Port goals

- Reduce carbon emissions
- Meet growing air transportation needs
- Financial sustainability of GT operations

### Project objectives

- Maintain service
- Minimize cost
- Reduce carbon emissions
- Minimize operational impacts

## Link to Framework

- Developing a Sustainable Project Framework that incorporates multiple sustainability goals into Port decision-making processes
- Bus procurement project offered an opportunity to test framework assumptions

# **Project Alternatives**

#### 1. Electric buses

- Requires charging infrastructure and additional buses
- FAA grant available but uncertain



#### 2. Refurbished CNG buses with Renewable Natural Gas (RNG)

New drivetrain, subsystems and interior

#### 3. New CNG buses with RNG

- RNG is zero net carbon drop-in replacement for CNG
- Other operators currently use RNG for transportation



Bus technologies differ in price and operational impacts

## Schedule

•	Commission briefing & authorization	2019 Q1
•	FAA grant results	2019 Q2
•	Bus/charger purchase (PO)	2019 Q3
•	Replacement buses in-use	2021 Q4
•	16 CNG buses retired (EP=11, RCF=5)	2022 Q2

# **Analyzing Alternatives**

#### **Step 1: Objectives**

- Maintain service
- Minimize cost
- Reduce carbon emissions
- Minimize operational impacts

#### Step 2: Risks

- Fuel supply
- Maintenance requirements

Analyzed each alternative for its ability to meet objectives and minimize risk

## **Project Costs**

	Electric	Electric w/ grant	Refurbished RNG	RNG
Initial capital cost	\$36.6	\$25.8	\$11.6	\$16.8
Average annual operational costs	\$0.7	\$0.7	\$1.0	\$1.0
NPV of total cost of ownership (20 years)	\$57.4	\$46.6	\$30.8	\$30.0

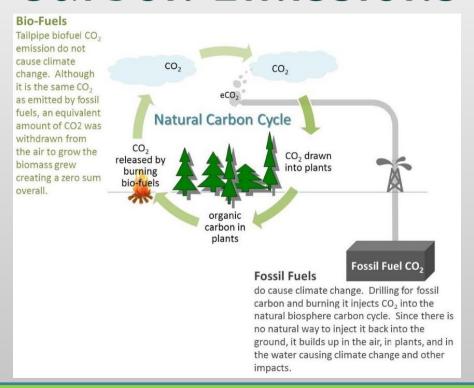
All costs in million USD 2018

## **Carbon Emissions**

	CNG	Electric	Refurbished RNG	RNG
Carbon emissions (tons CO <sub>2</sub> /year)	1,220	20	0	0

• Expiring buses create 5% of Sea-Tac's Scope 1 and 2 carbon emissions

## **Carbon Emissions**



#### RNG does not add carbon to the atmosphere

# **RNG Availability**

- RNG for transportation is available
  - Supported by federal incentive program
  - Bipartisan support; low long-term risk
- Port is developing an RFP for RNG
  - Supplies airport boilers and existing CNG bus fleet
  - Seeking 10- to 20-year term





# **Objectives and Risks**

Objective	Electric	Refurbished RNG	RNG
Objectives			
Maintain service			
Minimize total cost of ownership			
Reduce carbon emissions			
Minimize operational impacts			
Risks			
Fuel supply and price			
Maintenance requirements			

New CNG buses w/ RNG meet objectives with minimal risk

### Recommendation

#### New CNG buses fueled with RNG

- Meets objectives
  - Reduces maximum amount of carbon
  - Minimizes total cost of ownership
  - Minimizes operational impacts
- Minimizes risk
  - Less maintenance downtime than refurbished buses
  - Allows EV technology to mature and prices to fall
  - Port can revisit electric option prior to 12-year bus replacement





Recommend purchasing new CNG buses and fueling them with RNG



# NPV of Project Costs (20 years)

	Electric	Electric w/ grant	Refurbished RNG	RNG
Total cost of ownership	\$57.4	\$46.6	\$30.8	\$30.0
Charger capital and installation	\$10.4	\$5.0	\$0	\$0
Initial bus capital	\$25.2	\$19.8	\$10.8	\$15.2
Bus replacement	\$11.4	\$11.4	\$5.2	\$0
Fuel	\$2.9	\$2.9	\$3.2	\$3.2
Maintenance	\$7.5	\$7.5	\$11.5	\$11.5

All costs in million USD 2018

### **RNG Cost**

- Federal incentives are greater than CNG commodity price
- Other U.S. airports outside of California have procured RNG at similar cost to CNG





# **Project Cost Summary**

	Rental Car Buses – 6 new CNG buses	Employee Parking Buses – 18 new CNG buses	Totals
Current Budget	\$1,800,000	\$18,081,000	\$19,881,000
Budget Increase/(Decrease)	\$2,603,000	(\$5,646,000)	(\$3,043,000)
Revised Budget	\$4,403,000	\$12,435,000	\$16,838,000

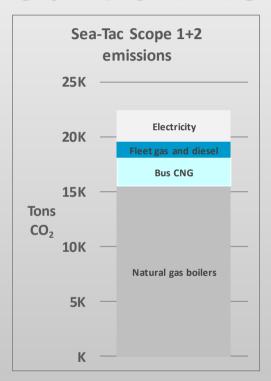
Recommended alternative results in net ~\$3 million overall budget reduction

## Carbon Reductions Relative to CNG

	RNG	Electric	Refurbished RNG
Emissions reduced relative to CNG (tons CO <sub>2</sub> /year)	1,220	1,200	1,220
\$/ton of CO <sub>2</sub> reduced relative to CNG	\$0	\$925	\$0

RNG and electricity have similar carbon reduction benefits

## Carbon Reductions from RNG



- Natural gas is 80% of Scope 1+2 emissions
- RNG is zero-carbon drop-in replacement for natural gas

RNG for buses and boilers reduces Sea-Tac's Scope 1+2 emissions by 80%

# Comparable Bus Operators

- Pierce Transit: primarily CNG
- Community Transit: diesel
- Microsoft: diesel and gasoline
- Amazon: diesel
- UW: gasoline
- Children's Hospital: gas/propane bi-fuel





# **Electric Utilities at Sea-Tac**

